

$$\begin{aligned}
p &::= p \cup p \mid cxp \\
cxp &::= /lp \mid lp \\
lp &::= lp/lp \mid axis::test[q] \\
q &::= q \wedge q \mid q \vee q \mid \neg q \mid \text{true} \mid cxp
\end{aligned}$$

where

- p is the root nonterminal of the grammar,
- $axis$ is one of $\{\text{self, child, parent, descendant, descendant-or-self, ancestor, ancestor-or-self, following-sibling, preceding-sibling, following, preceding}\}$, and
- $test$ is one of $\{*\} \cup \Sigma$.

Figure 1: Syntax of CoreXPath over alphabet Σ .

$$\begin{aligned}
\llbracket p_1 \cup p_2 \rrbracket_{NodeSet}(n) &:= \llbracket p_1 \rrbracket_{NodeSet}(n) \cup \llbracket p_2 \rrbracket_{NodeSet}(n) \\
\llbracket /p \rrbracket_{NodeSet}(n) &:= \llbracket p \rrbracket_{NodeSet}(n_0) \\
\llbracket p_1/p_2 \rrbracket_{NodeSet}(n) &:= \bigcup_{n' \in \llbracket p_1 \rrbracket_{NodeSet}(n)} \llbracket p_2 \rrbracket_{NodeSet}(n') \\
\llbracket axis::test[q] \rrbracket_{NodeSet}(n) &:= \{n' \in T(test) \mid (n, n') \in R_{axis} \wedge \llbracket q \rrbracket_{Boolean}(n')\} \\
\llbracket q_1 \wedge q_2 \rrbracket_{Boolean}(n) &:= \llbracket q_1 \rrbracket_{Boolean}(n) \wedge \llbracket q_2 \rrbracket_{Boolean}(n) \\
\llbracket q_1 \vee q_2 \rrbracket_{Boolean}(n) &:= \llbracket q_1 \rrbracket_{Boolean}(n) \vee \llbracket q_2 \rrbracket_{Boolean}(n) \\
\llbracket \neg q \rrbracket_{Boolean}(n) &:= \neg \llbracket q \rrbracket_{Boolean}(n) \\
\llbracket \text{true} \rrbracket_{Boolean}(n) &:= \text{true} \\
\llbracket p \rrbracket_{Boolean}(n) &:= \llbracket p \rrbracket_{NodeSet}(n) \neq \emptyset
\end{aligned}$$

where n_0 is the root node of the tree document under consideration,

- $T(*) = \text{Node}$, and
- $T(\sigma) = \text{Lab}_\sigma$ for every $\sigma \in \Sigma$.

Figure 2: Semantic functions for CoreXPath.